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FORMATION OF A CONSTITUTIONAL AND LEGAL CULTURE IS A GUARANTEE OF HUMAN RIGHTS

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Annotation: This article states that a person, a citizen must have legal awareness, legal culture, legal literacy in order to fully understand and exercise their rights, freedoms and obligations, to know the rights and obligations assigned to him. It is also revealed that the rule of law in society is strengthened by legal culture.

Key words: law, youth, education, upbringing, spirituality, values, legal ideology, legal awareness, legal culture, New Uzbekistan, development strategy, human dignity, harmonious personality, universal human values, mass media.

Independent Uzbekistan is gradually moving towards building a legal state in order to take its rightful place in the world community. The rule of law is a democratic state based on the principle of separation of powers, guaranteeing the rule of law, equality of all before the law and an independent judiciary, guaranteeing human rights and freedoms.

Our future is a state of law, but its achievement is a complex task, covering a number of stages of development and requiring serious action on the part of state bodies, officials, the public and the people. It is necessary to increase the activity of state and public life, eradicate corruption and bribery, fight crime and abuse, develop the legal and moral foundations of society. It is necessary to update the law, improve the mechanism for its application and protection, treat citizens with respect for the law, introduce certain legal relations and legal ties into society. One of the important tasks of the state is the elimination of legal nihilism in society, the mood of state bodies, officials and citizens to ignore the law, and instead the formation of a positive sense of justice among people. Such an integrated approach allows us to solve the problems of building a state of law and civil society.

It is advisable to regularly inform citizens about the processes and results of parliamentary control over the implementation of laws, as well as public control through journalistic materials prepared objectively, importantly and interestingly. These processes should cover a wide range of issues, from the annual report of the Prime Minister of the Republic of Uzbekistan to the Parliament to the responsibility of officials at all levels of executive power, leading state and non-state organizations established by national legislation. In order to widely disseminate the results of ongoing reforms in the judiciary and achievements among all segments of the population, it is necessary to hold round tables and editorial meetings with the involvement of experts in this field, to achieve wide media coverage of these events.

In order to protect the rights and freedoms, legitimate interests of citizens and inform the population about the decisions of state authorities, spiritual and educational, moral and legal events are held, scientific and practical conferences, round tables are held, the results of which are widely disseminated. should be devoted to the publication and distribution of manuals and brochures.

It is advisable to study and apply the best practices of foreign countries in ensuring the right of citizens to legal information. In connection with the rapid development of Internet journalism around the world, including in Uzbekistan, it is necessary to ensure that legal newspapers and magazines published in our country, as well as TV channels and radio broadcasts that disseminate legal information, have their own website, and online among existing websites. It is necessary to increase the number of online publications in which information is regularly updated.

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In order to fully ensure the rights of our citizens to legal information, the rapid development of digital technologies and Internet channels in the field of information, increased attention to the practice of transmitting television and radio programs through a virtual network, the rapid development of advanced information technologies is a requirement of the time.

The study and application of the best practices of foreign countries in providing the population with legal information will create more favorable conditions for the further development of the legal culture of our citizens. In this regard, it is important to further expand the volume of publication of spiritual, educational, scientific and popular literature aimed at increasing the legal knowledge of citizens and strengthening every citizen's sense of respect for the law.

We believe that the role of the mass media not only in providing the population with legal information, but also in improving the legal knowledge, legal awareness and legal culture of our citizens should be further strengthened.

An integral part of the humanitarian policy pursued in our country is inextricably linked with the promotion of a culture of human rights. The essence of the "Uzbek model" of national development is to build a society and a state in which human rights are a priority. The broad rights and freedoms granted to a person over the years of independence inspire him to take initiative, entrepreneurship, creativity, to ensure a decent standard of living for himself and his family members, neighbors and the country.

The formation of a constitutional and legal culture is inseparable from human rights. Therefore, great attention should be paid to the clarification and understanding of the rights, freedoms and duties enshrined in the Constitution and laws. Consequently, any law acquires literal legitimacy primarily due to its knowledge and respect, unconditional adherence to it. It is this obedience that drives the norms of the Constitution. For this it is necessary, first of all, that both officials and citizens know the Constitution. Therefore, the application in practice of the most effective and efficient methods of promoting the Constitution through television and radio, newspapers and magazines, Internet sites is one of the important requirements of the modern information age, the difficult era of globalization.

After all, loyalty to the Constitution leads to loyalty to the Constitution, loyalty to the Basic Law, in turn, loyalty to the Motherland and people. This requires a deep and comprehensive study of the Constitution, which is the measure of public life, in order to achieve its meaning and turn it into a constant guide in our daily life. In this sense, it is important to develop a culture of human rights in the media, to further strengthen the legal awareness of the population in this area. Because the culture of human rights is closely connected with socioeconomic, ideological, spiritual, educational, legal values. Therefore, every citizen should know well the essence of legal guarantees in these areas and have practical skills in this regard.

The media should give a series of articles on the topics "What is a legal culture?", "Do you know the law?" which can attract young people in such areas as ensuring the active participation of young people with legal knowledge in broadcasting and regularly encouraging them.

Meetings, events, decisions on the formation of legal knowledge and legal culture of the population, the preparation of various videos and their coverage on CDs and DVDs should be carried out through television and radio broadcasts. It is necessary to further improve the activities of legal publications, legislation on the media based on the requirements of the printing press, the creation of new mechanisms for disseminating information among the population and using the media.

Prompt and high-quality publication of the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan and commentaries to it, codes, laws, normative legal acts in various fields, regular distribution among organizations and enterprises, educational institutions and mahallas free of charge or at the most favorable prices. great practical importance. In order to bring legislation to the public in a simple and understandable form, based on official sources, to ensure their uniform application, it is necessary to establish mutually beneficial cooperation between legal scholars, editors and publishers, to create and publish comments on all current legislation. In addition, it is necessary to increase the number of collections published in the "Legal Information for the Public" section, which includes questions and answers on taxes, customs, banking, finance, the media, labor, and social security.

Acquaintance of young people with the works of the treasury of our legal heritage will certainly help the younger generation to know themselves, grow up in the spirit of love for the Fatherland, respect for adults.

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Therefore, the publication of the legal works of our great scientists, such as "Hidoya", "Sunani Termizi", "Siyasatnoma", "Usulul fiqh", regular promotion of their content in the media is an urgent task. In a word, the mass media should serve to form a new sense of justice in people by completely changing the old psychology of the population, which in some cases is still preserved. So that each of our compatriots has a deep feeling that human rights and freedoms are at the same time a duty, duty and responsibility.

Of course, legal consciousness cannot be formed and developed without legal knowledge. It should be explained to everyone that the path to democracy is determined not only by the number of laws, but also by how well they are assimilated by the human mind. Legal awareness consists of three criteria: the individual, society and the state. The characteristics of any society should be determined by the relationship between society and the state, the individual and society. Laws must be observed within the state, and moral and spiritual values must be observed in society. As a member of society, a person must take into account spiritual and moral values. A person's place in society is measured by his respect for spiritual values and moral standards.

Speaking about legal culture and spiritual values, morality, first of all, it should be noted that the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan occupies a worthy place in the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan. After all, the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan clearly reflects the will, psyche, public consciousness and culture of our people. In whatever period of our glorious history our great thinkers lived, the desire for science, enlightenment and spirituality, high legal consciousness and culture in our country never stopped, and these great human qualities, as an immortal symbol of the genius of our people, manifested themselves even in the most difficult times.

That is why our Constitution, adopted on the basis of independence, is distinguished by its positive aspects, new aspects, so to speak, by its human appearance. The Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan promotes the idea that the greatest of earthly goods is a person, and on this basis seeks to find a reasonable legal solution to the relationship "citizen-society-state".

Another important aspect is that the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan is a document that embodies universal human values, proven by history. Because it embodies all the main ideas and provisions of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights. Therefore, the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan serves the highest ideals of universal ideas - equality, freedom, brotherhood, friendship of peoples and nations, stability of the country and the world. Therefore, as a person realizes his right, he should not forget that he has rights, as well as duties and responsibilities. If we all demand only our rights in society, then a logical question arises, what will be the practical expression of the concepts of protecting the Motherland, peace in the country, peace and tranquility, attitude to work, involvement in the events taking place around, the order of conscience.

Summarizing the above considerations, legal culture is an issue that is enshrined in the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan and is reflected in our laws, which we repeat almost every day, that is, to the extent that we enjoy as many rights as possible.

Life itself, the laws of development, achievements, goals and tasks for the future require a resolute continuation of legal and democratic reforms. "The improvement of the legal culture of our people must be raised to the level of state policy...because the word independence is based on the notion of having a big, big right. That is, independence means not only to feel free, to build your life, but also to have a great right to decide your life and death" [4, 30]. Thus, the rule of law, paying attention to its authority both among the population and among civil servants, is bound by law in its activities and does not violate human rights and freedoms in accordance with the law.

In a word, our people began to build the great future of Uzbekistan on a solid foundation of law and will certainly achieve this. The purpose of building a state of law in Uzbekistan is to create an opportunity for everyone living in this country to feel like a person.

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